COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Corron-Less active and unchanged; ales 1,900 bales at 33 1/2c for midding

FLOUR-Closed 5c better with a brisk

FLOUR-Closed 5c better with a brisk export and speculative domand for extra western at \$5 90a6 40, and \$6 00a6 60 for extra State, on spot and to arrive in June and July.

GRAIN-Wheat-Quiet and steady at \$1 46a1 47 for No. 2, and \$1 51a1 52 for No. 1 spring. Rye-Nominal. Oats—Steady at 78o for western afloat. Corn—Dull and heavy at 60a72s for unsound; 73a82c for canal and \$3a88c for railroad. Provisions—Pork—Quiet at \$33 00 for

PROVISIONS—Pork—Quiet at \$33 00 for mess. Beef—Quiet and unchanged. Out Meats—Firm and active. Bacon—Firm with moderate inquiry.

LARD—Dull at 19% a19% for fair to

DRY GOODS MARKET.

The market for cotton goods is ram-pant and buoyant under the advance in prices of raw material, but the demand

s confined principally to orders for un

rime steam, Eggs—Firm at 24c.

uplands.

NEW YORK, June 18.

Business Cards. AUCTIONEERS.

HUBBARD BRO., Cor. Quincy & Market street ATTORNEYS. HÉATON & PARKINSON, Attorneys at Law, Market St., below McLure House.

STANTON & ALLISON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 4th st., east side, north of Monroe WM. P. HUBBARD, Attorney at Law, 114 Market St., below McLure House.

BOOTS AND SHOES. A LEX. H. FORGEY,
Boots, Shoes and Galters,
No. 120 Main Street.

S, J. BOYD, Wholesale Dealer in BOOTS & SHOES, No. 59 Main street.

MCCLELLAN & KNOX, Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS & SHOES, No. 65 Main street. BANKING.

BANK OF WHEELING, G. Lamb, Cashier, D. C. List, Pres't, FIRST NAT'L BANK OF WHEELING G. Adams, Cashier, G. K. Wheat, Pres't, No. 28 Monroe street.

M ERCHANTS NAT'L BANK of West Va S. Brady, Cashler; J. N. Vance, Pres't. N. E. cor. Monroe & Main sts, N ATIONAL BANK OF WEST VA., J. Wagner, Cashier, C. Ogiebay, Pres't, B. W. cor. Main & Monroe st

PEOPLES' BANK, J. F. Updegraff, Cash.; J. Reld, Prest., No. 69 Main st BOOK SELLERS.

OSEPH GRAVES, Books, Stationery, Wall Paper. No. 30 Monroe street.

CLOTHING. A. M. ADAMS, Clothing and Merchant Tailoring, 38 Water stree

JOHN H. STALLMAN, Merchant Tallor, No. 25 Monroe THOS. HUGHES & CO., Clothing Emporium, 85 cor. Monroe & Water str

CORDAGE. CHAS, H. BERRY, Hemp & Manilla Cordage, Twine, &c., 18 & 19 Water s

DRY GOODS. BRUES & SANDERS,
Steple and Fancy Dry Goods,
114 Nain Street.

GEO. R. TAYLOR & CO., Fancy Staple Dry Goods, 108 Main street

HENRY ROEMER,
Dry Goods & Notions,
36 Main st. Centre Wheelin

J. H. SMITH, Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, 172 Main Street.

JOHN ROEMER & CO., Dry Goods Emporium, 31 & 83 Main st., Centre Wheeling J. S. RHODES, Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Peterson's Block Main street

DRUGGISTS.

F. BOCKING, Druggist and Prescriptionist, No.10dd Fellows' Hail. OGAN, LIST & CO.. Wholesale Druggists, Bridge Corner.

SILVEY & LIST,
Druggists and Prescriptionists,
corner opposite the Post Office

THOS. J. FINNEY.
Pharmaceutist, cor. Main & Webster sts.,
Centre Wheeling.

GROCERS. D. K. IRWIN & CO., Fancy Groceries, 75 Main street

R. J. SMYTH,
Family Grocerles,
Corner Market and Quincy streets. WHOLESALE GROCERS,

JOS. SPEIDEL, Who lessale Grocer, 48 Main street.

BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Corner Monroe & Waterels. L IST, MORRISON & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Corner Main and Quincy street.

PAXTON & OGLEBAY, Wholesale Grocers, 54 Main street

HATS AND CAPS. HARPER & BRO., Wholesale Hais and Capa, Main street

S. N. PRATHER, Wholesale Dealer in Hats and Caps, Two doors below People's Bank

INSURANCE. PRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, C. M. Coen, Secretary, 29 Monroe street.

National Insurance company, John Bishop, Secretary, 26 Monroe street. A ETNA FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE Company, S. P. Hildreth, Sec'y; JOHN R. MILLER, Ass't Sec'y, 63 Main street.

FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO., J. C. Hervey, Secretary, Office next door to M. N. Bank. W. H. BHEIB, Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music, 189, Main street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS. BROWN & HIGGINS,
Photographers & Dealers in Chromos,
127 Main Street

PRINTING. PREW, HAGANS & HALL, Steam Job Printers, 15 Quincy street

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHOLESALE TOBACCO. W. T. SINGLETON,
Wholesale Tobacco,
83 Main Street.

WATCHES & JEWELRY. J. A. LASH, Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware.

OXTOBY & DUFFIELD, Watches, Jeweiry and Fancy Goods, 103 Main street

SCOTT & HENNEGEN, Watches, &c., 104 Main 8

LIST, MORRISON & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Corner Main and Quincy Streets, jan Wheeling, W. Va.

2.5 BARRELS EXTRA WINTER Strained Lard Oil. 50 boxes Star Candles, 6s, 7s and 4s, Just received and for sale by my22

Medical.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

The great Remedies for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters ls composed of the pure inices (or, as they are med icinally of Roots, Herbs and preparation, highly and entirely free admixture of any kind.

HUOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC, is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Santa Crux Rum, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever afferd to the public.

Those preferring Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters. Those who have no objection to the com-ination of the Bitters, as stated, will use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain he same medicinal virtues, the choice beween the two being a mere matter of taste, he Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, uch as indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, cic., is very apt to have its functions leranged. The comment then be comes affected, the country of which is that the patient unfers from several or more of the following diseases:

sulfers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation Flatulence, Inward Piles Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausca, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurrled or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Buffocating Sensations when in a Lying Fosture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Duil Pain in the Head, Denciency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits, The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing case, purchasing

reise the greatest caution.

remedy for his only that which he investigations and investigations and investigations and investigations and investigations and investigation in the investigation investigation in the inves

Hoofiand's German Bitters,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC. Thirty-five years since they were first in performed more cures, and benefitted suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Deblitty, Disease of the Kidses arising from a Disordered Liver, estemach or Intes DEBILITY.

esulting from any Causes whatever; PROS-TRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Ex-posure, Fevers, &c. posure, Fevers, &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system; the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests properly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is cradicated from the eves, a bloom is given to the cheeks and the wear and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy, being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE, And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE. their own express——ion, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no ap-

To this class of persons the BITTERS, the TONIC, is especially recommended. WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

TESTIMONIALS:

Hon. George W. Woodward, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., I find Hoofinad's German Eliters' is good tenic, use the digestive or gens, and of great enefit in cases of debility, and want action in the system.

Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD." Hon. James Thompson. PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.

Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON. From Mr. Chas. W. Hallar. From Mr. Chas. W. Hallar.
FREDERICE CITY, Md., Sept. 11, 1888.
From a conviction of benefit arrived from the use of Dr. Hoofland's German Tonic, although in general averse to Patent Medicines, I cordially recommend the "Tonic" to all suffering with Dyspepsia, as no other medicine afforded me such prompt and permananent relief."

C. W. HALLAR.

From Rev. Joseph H. Hennard, D. D.

Paster of the Tenth Beptist Church, Phila,
Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined, but with rious instances, my own family, of the long the manner of the m

From Rev. E. D. Fendall.

Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofian's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility, or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver.

Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counter feited. See that the JACKSON is on the bottle. All others Principal Office. The street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor. Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.

Hoofiand's German Bitters, per bottle \$1 00 halfdozen 5 00 Hoofland's German Toulc, put up in quart bottles, \$1 50 per bottle or a half dozen for

EVERYWHERE, LOGAN, LIST & CO., Wholesale Druggists

DRUGGISTS AND STOREKEEPERS

WHEELING.

The Intelligencer:

Hon, Henry J. Raymond, chief editor of the New York Times, died sud-

ceptable. district school, from which he was pronessee Wesleyan Seminary, Subselage store and three months teaching a head of his class in all branches.

After some weeks of fruitless effort New York knowing but two persons in articles while at college. He entered the law office of E. W. Marsh, meanwhile writing for the New Yorker, teaching a class in Latin and correscinnati Gazette, and the "Veteran Ob-

what it is now. Mr. Raymond's du- gress. ties were of a general miscellaneous displayed univeersal capacity and un-"He was the only man I ever employ-

Enquirer that Mr. Raymond became were of the first order

From Rev. Joseph H. Hennard, D. D. time; and the speech took firm hold A single instance will show at once

sentiment in the North. He drew up burned out. the first elaborate vindication of the new movement given to the country, it being the "Address to the People" illustrious citizens, and the newspaper adopted and published by the Pittsburgh Convention in February, 1856. In 1859 he again visited Europe and

witnessed the battle of Solferino between the French and Austrian armies. His description of the engagement was written on the spot and despatched to men may study with profit. He died his paper, reaching New York some as such a man would wish to die, with days in advance of all other accounts. He took an active part in the canvass of 1860, and replied to the able speeches | ly.

made through the North by Wm. L. Yancy, in four letters addressed through the Times to that gentleman, would involve the nation in war, result in the overthrow of the movement and the ruin of the South. Throughout the rebellion he was a firm consistent and hopeful supporter of the war, for the Uninsisting that any attempt at secession

ion; and by tongue and pen rendered invaluable aid in the trying hours when so many good men lost courage. During all that time he never doubted or faltered. In 1861 he was again sent to the As-

sembly and was again chosen speaker, denly and unexpectedly at his residence his competitor being Mr. Horatio Seyin New York at an early hour yester- mour. In 1864 he was elected to Conday morning, in his fittleth year. As gress from the Sixth District of New he has for many years past filled an important place in the history of the XXXIXth Congress. With all his night of the Sixteenth Infantry, to strengthen more than a passing ability as a debater and his sagacity as notice of his career may be not unac- a statesman, Mr. Raymond's Congressional career cannot be deemed a suc-Henry Jarvis Raymond was born in cess. This was largely if not wholly the viliage of Lima, Livingston county, due to the fact that upon the termina-New York, January 24, 1820. His tion of active hostilities he found himfather was a small farmer, and a man self at variance with the party majority of a strong, conscientious character, in respect to the policy to be pursued enjoying a high reputation for integri- in reconstructing the Southern States. ty and sound judgment. His mother Mr. Raymond believed in inaugurating was a woman of great strength of char- the policy of leniency at once, and it is acter and of much more than ordinary possible had Johnson not been Presimental ability. Young Henry al- dent that policy would have been a though he labored on the farm several wise one. The majority being for a years had little fitness for the work, rigorous policy of repression, Mr. being delicate and of a studious turn. Raymond found the breach widen-His education was begun in the village | ing between himself and the majority.

He fell into the error of supposing moted to the village academy. Latin that at that time those who favored a and Algebra he began in 1833 at Gen- liberal Southern policy were strong enough with the aid of the Administraquently he spent six months in a vil- tion to form a new party and carry the country with them. The result was the village school. In the summer of 1836 | celebrated Philadelphia or "Crocodile" he entered the University of Vermont | Convention of August, 1866, held under and four years later graduated at the the patronage of President Johnson. Mr. Raymond was active in this move ment and furnished most of the brains to find employment teaching he went to for it. He wrote the address issued by that Convention; and whatever may the city, one of whom was Horace be thought of the general propositions Greeley, for whose paper, the New offered, at the period they were brought Yorker, he had written some literary forward, it must be conceded that slmply as a statement of a case nothing

could be more admirably put. The movement failed, and in a political sense Mr. Raymond failed with it. ponding with country papers. The But what he lost in political reputation first editor who engaged him in the his paper gained in ability and prospelatter capacity was Gen. E. D. Mans- rity by his return to his editorial duties. field, then publishing the Cincinnati He applied himself again to the Times Chroniele, who is still in his ripe old which had lost ground in the tace of its age, an editorial contributor to the Cin- great competitors during his absence; and it not only regained all it had lost server" of the Tones. Gen. Manstield but became more admirable and able paid him \$5 per week for daily news than before in all its departments. This was the true field for Mr. Raymond's In 1841, Mr. Greeley started the Tri- talents and usefulness, and if he had bune, and employed Mr. Raymond to been quite wise and superior to the assist in its conduct. At that time the glittering promises of politics he would staff of a New York daily was not not have left it even for a seat in Con-

In 1867 President Johnson tendered character. He was by turns, him the mission to Austria, it having editor and reporter, and in both been made vacant by the forced resignation of Mr. Motley. Mr. Raymond tiring industry. Mr. Greeley in his declined; and had since neither sought Busy Recollections," testifies to his nor held public position. He had in unwearied devotion to his work .- that period spent several months in ed," writes the venerable Horace given to the Times. Recently he had whom I found it necessary to caution not written so much for its columns,

years.

It was white editor of the Courier and Enquirer that Mr. Rsymond became

Of Mr. Lincoln, which was issued in 1864. His talents as a public speaker that Mr. Rsymond became were of the first order. The first time and has been a resident of this courier. the stablished fact that fully one our the first order. The first trace were of the first order. The first order. The first trace were of the first order. The first order is the f widely known throughout the country | we saw or listened to him was in the | many years-Fairmont West Virginian. | fire engine. with Mr. Greeley, a new socialistic son he was about 5 feet 8 inches in theory then first introduced to public height; of neat, compact figure, black notice. His public career outside of hair and dark side whiskers and mousjournalism began in 1819, when the tache; a broad and finely developed Whigs of his district sent him to the brow, the tout ensemble being that of a ment just now is the Coliseum, but in Assembly. He was re-elected and gentlemanly, handsome person. He chosen Speaker, and in that position spoke rapidly but with the purest showed signal ability. In 1851 he visit- enunciation; and whether in speaking strangers now in Boston, who have ed Europe; and returning in August, or writing, he used the choicest lanpublished the first number of the Times | guage, which flowed without effort and on the 18th of the following September. expressed ideas that found a logical The Times was then a folio less than arrangement with marvellous facilhalf its present size. It was conducted ity. He saw at a glance the salient with striking ability from the start, and points of a subject and presentat once took strong hold on popular fa- ed them in the clearest and strongest vor. In 1852 he attended the Whig Con- light. In the organization of the Convention at Baltimore, which nominated | vention referred to, the presiding officer Gen. Scott for the Presidency. One of being unable to manage the immense the New York delegation being detain- gathering, a scene of almost inextricaed Mr.Raymond, on invitation from the ble confusion ensued, from which for a rest of the delegation, applied for the time there seemed to be no recovery. "I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" while the regular delegate was for indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this rom my experience of it.

When the being a supporter of Scott, Mr. Raymond arose and succeeded in getting the attention of the chaotic manual rom my experience of it.

Mr. Fillmore, the application led to a bitter controversy, the Southern delegates especially being hostile to it, ly and simply that everybody at once

Mr. Raymond, in the course acquiesced in the course indicated, and of the controversy, made a strong speech in exposition and defence of the political sentiment of the North in regard to the aggressions of slavery in the territories. The country was greatly speech took firm hold on the public attention. It was regard to the aggressions of slavery in the territories, and dith new hold on the public attention. It was regarded as indicating the future policy of the comporaneous times and men, and this capacity for great and sustained mental labor. The oblituary of Daniel in the territories, and did in truth forestands while the set of the momination of the Whigs for Lieuting Good service by its wisdom and effected the moment of the whole country was greatly in the territories. The control was in the main, if not one went in the moment of the whole on the public attention. It was regarded to the aggressions of slavery in the territories, and dith new form of which the whole on the public attention. It was regarded to the aggressions of slavery in the territories, and the special galavery in the territories, and did in truth forestand which the second of the public attention is that the platform adopted by the members of the connection of the whole country was greatly in the territories. The control was the distribution of the whole country was greatly in the territories. The country was greatly in the territories, and dith new form of which the whole country was greatly in the territories. The country was greatly in the territories, and the work of Mr. Raymond's wonderful knowledge of all intervent to the connection of the work of Mr. Raymond's wonderful knowledge of the late Repeal League Convention of Racolwood Intervent the work of Mr. Raymond a series of the state and the late Repeal League Convention. The Resolutions was greatly the theorem of the whole country was greatly to the whole country and the work of Mr. Raymond's wonderful knowledge of the late Repeal League Convention. The Resolution of the was chan On the final disruption of the Whig wous drafts like this on his stock of party he identified himself with vitality that Mr. Raymond no doubt anti-slavery movement which hastened the collapse; for though up resulted in the formation of the to the time of death the report tells us Republican party and took an active he enjoyed apparently vigorous health. part in shaping and fortifying public the end showed that the vital flame had

In the death of Mr. Raymond, the country loses one of its most useful and profession one of its chief ornaments But his monument is already built and his fame secure. The lesson of his career is that industry, patience and integrity find a sure reward. His history in the main, is one which young the harness on, and surrounded in his last moments by his friends and fami-

THE National Intelligencer advocates the nomination of General Hancock as Democratic candidate for Governor of

Ku Klux Gathering to Belease Yerger Reinforcements of Troops Arrive.

Trouble Not Improbable—The Trial JACKSON, MISS., June 17. A report was in circulation here today that bands of mounted armed men had been seen in the neighborhood, whose supposed object is the release of Yerger, and some Ku Klux who are in confinement here. The arrival of Comstrengthen the garrison, indicate that trouble is not improbable. Five hundred United States troops, admirably trained, and armed with breech-loaders, will easily keep a few prisoners from being meddled with by their trionds. In the Yerger trial the military com-

mission examined four witnesses today, whose testimony was interesting and important. and important.

Mr. W. J. Brown witnessed the affray.
He states positively that previously to
the stabbing Colonel Crane struck Yerger a back-handed blow with his cane,
that then Yerger drew a knife from his
bosom and gave two stabs in rapid
succession. Crane then grabbed his
arm, but Yerger, releasing it, stabbed
twice or thrice more. After the affray
Yerger said excitedly to the witness,
"You saw him strike me, didn't you?"
Witness replied, "Yes, I did."
Isaac Washington saw the scuille and
death of Colonel Crane. He testified
that when Crane met Yerger that morning, he offered his hand and shook
hands with him. An altercation and

hands with him. An altercation and nands with him. An altercation and abusive language, as described by previous witnesses ensued. After the stabbing Yerger brew the dirk down between Crane's logs.

R. Bishler, Chief of Policc, testified to getting the dirk from John K. Yerger, uncle of E. M. Yerger, the accused.

The cape of Colonel Crane was intro-

The cane of Colonel Crane was introduced and identified. It is a light lastic rattan, less than half an inch in diameter. W. S. Freeman testified to finding the following in Colonel Crane's coat pocket after his death.

"To Joseph G. Crane, Esq:
"SIR—Are you willing to disrobe yourself of all miltary protection, and meet me instanter on the street. E. M. YERGER,
"June 8, 1869."

It was on post letter paper, plainly but excitedly written, and the words "milltary protection" and "instanter" were heavily underscored.

inst., under the following singular cir-cumstances:
On the morning of the day of his death, he complained of being unwell,

and said he was troubled with rheumatic pains in his limbs. One of his sons hearing the remark, told him he thought it would be imprudent for him to leave the house that day, and urged him to remain indoors. He consented to do this, and his son started to his work. About two hours afterward, the old gentleman, forgetting his resolution to remain in the house, declined; and had since neither sought nor held public position. He had in that period spent several months in Europe, but most of his time was given to the Times. Recently he had not written so much for its columns, the conditional months in the things of the columns, and the conditional months in the things of the columns, and the columns are the death of his second according to remarked that he would go and see what was 'treed.' As he did not return at what his friends thought a reasonable time, they commenced calling realway men will go along, as will also whom I found it necessary to caution against too much work."

In 1843 Mr. Raymond quitted the Tribune and took an editorial position on the Courier and Enquirer, then conducted by Gen. James Watson Webb, now our retiring Minister to Brazil. Previous to this the Harper Brothers whose literary adviser he had been for many years, started their Magazine, whose editor he was from the first. His connection with it lasted about ten years.

"whom I found it necessary to caution against too much for its columns, against too much written so much for its columns, especially since the death of his second son, a promising lad, who died a few months ago, and whose loss greatly afficted him.

The Times is the monument of Mr. Raymond's labors and ability. About the ime of his death, it being considered worth over a million. The only literary adviser he had been for many years, started their Magazine, whose editor he was from the first. His connection with it lasted about ten years.

The whom I found it necessary to caution is columns, against too much work."

In 1843 Mr. Raymond quitted the capically since the death of his second sonable time, they commenced calling him, but failing to get a response, they instituted a search and found him about a half mile from his house, sitting upon the ground, and quite dead. His body was inclined slightly forward, but otherwise his posture was natural, and it is supposed he sat down to rest, and died immediately and suddenly after the time of his death, it being considered worth over a million. The only literary adviser he had been for many years, started their Magazine, whose editor he was from the first. His connection with it lasted about ten years.

In 1843 Mr. Raymond quitted the death of his second and not return to the rosponse, they instituted a search and found him about a half mile from his house, sitting upon the ground, and quite dead. His body was inclined slightly forward, but it is supposed he sat down to rest, and the time of his death, it is supposed he was him, but faili

They are not only good themselves, but they wish every one else to be so too. Their principal place of amuseum. In view of the great number of and other hard-drinking States, as well as from the rural districts, they are playing at the Museum every evening this week, and also every afternoon at "The Drunkard." It has been revived expressly for the present occasion. We hope its effects may be all that the managers of that excellent institution

Missouri will hereafter pay the interest of its State debt in gold coin, and seat; but he being a supporter of Scott, Mr. Raymond arose and succeeded in accepts the obligation to pay the prinwhile the regular delegate was for getting the attention of the chaotic cipal also, when due, in real money. The Republican administration of the bitter controversy, the Southern dele- down the course of proceeding so clear- State of Missouri, which has often done good service by its wisdom and efficien-Mr. Raymond, in the course acquiesced in the course indicated, and cy in other departments, has thus bold-

the printed rules hung up in the cars, plaintiff had no claim. But it being proved that deceased had gone through all the cars, and looked in vain for a seat, the Court gave judgment for plaintiff, affirming the damages of the

RUN OVER BY A HAND-CAR .- A little girl of Mr. Jacob Hart, of this place, ged about 13 years, was run over by a hand-car on Friday evening and terri-bly mangled. The car was coming for doctor to dress the wounds of the man niured at Rawling's Station, and was attached to an engine by a rope. The girl in getting out of the way of the engine did not see the hand car, and was caught by the rope which three her under the wheels of the latter

GEN. JAMES B. FRY, whom all per sons subject to draft used to visit with their very hearty, though not always discriminating, curses during the war, returns to assume his old duties in his old department on the staff of Gen. Hal-

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

-A Joint Committee of the Cincinnati Council, Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce, arranged, Thursday, to have cannon fired, bells rung and bands playing on the 26th, when the vote on the ten million appropriation for the Southern Railway will be taken.

-Thursday evening, Lewis Sett, of Cincinnati, aged sixty years, was killed instantly by a hogshead of tobacco rolling over his body while unloading it from a dray.

The graduates of West Point for 1869, had a banquet at Delmonicas Thursday night. All but four of the members of the class were present. -Yesterday morning John Donohue was badly beaten and stabbed in several different places in the body, by unknown parties in East River Park -The Cincinnati Base Ballers beat the Irvingtons at Irvington, N. Y., yes-terday, the score being 20 to 4 in a same

-The banking house of John F. Dar-by & Co., of St. Louis, suspended yesterday morning.

BY MAIL.

-Miss Annie Surratt sister of the famous John T. Surratt, was married Thursday morning in Washington, to Mr. Toney, of the Surgeon General's

-The Census Committee find their work growing on theri hands. They could easily decide upon a plan for taking the number of our inhabitants. What they are at is to decide on a plan for taking the quantity and quality of all our business and material resources. Former censuses have been lamentably deficient in this respect, and the com-mittee means to provide a way for get-ting a complete statement of every-thing it is really desirable to know.

O. F. Presbery has been appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue for the District embracing the States of Virginia and West Virginia, in place of Thomas R. Laird, resigned.

-The Secretary of the Treasury has this month on Tuesday the 29th, instead of Wednesday, that the account may be returned here before the 1st of July. He has also instructed the Assistant Treasurer to purchase bonds to the amount of \$620,000 at either of the contemptuously disregarded by the SUDDEN AND SINGULAR DEATH.—Mr. Alex. Straight, a man about sixty years of age, and a very respectable and highly respected citizen of this county, died very suddenly on the 9th inst., under the following singular circumstances: during each fiscal year for that fund. -John Russell Young who has been to Salt Lake City, returns to New

York 'Wednesday evening. -A movement has been commenced among some dissatisfied Republicans in New York for pressing Salmon P. Chase for President in 1872, and with a supposed intention of coalescing with the Democrats.

-An expedition is organizing

BY TELEGRAPH ST. LOUIS.

Fight--Hansas Affairs Freighted railroad cars were trans-ferred across the river here yesterday,

for the first time. The cars were from the St. Louis & Chicago road and were ladened for points west of here on the North Missouri road. Cars were also crossed designed to run from here to Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Sherman Thurston, Billy Carroll, B. Riley, Jas. Stewart and other buffers, have prepared affidayits contradicting

have prepared affidayits contradicting the sworn statement of Val. M'Kinney, that he was offered money to decide the fight of Tuesday in favor of Allen. A Topeka, Kansas, despatch says eight thousand acres of the Pottawattoeight thousand acres of the Pottawattomis Reservation have been sold to actual settlers and immigration continues
large. The crops are in a fine condition all over the State. Cars began to
run from Topeka yesterday, on the
Atcheson, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.
Sherman, Osage and Allen counties
have voted half a million dollars,
which insures completion of the road which insures completion of the road to Emporea by Fall.;

Departure of the Mexican Minister for Washington. CITY OF MEXICO, June 10. via. Havana.

Gooley Palaccios leave next Monday for Washington. A rumor of the death of Henry J. Keep, President of the Northwestern Railroad, prevailed to-day, but was not for Washington.
General Vega, who sailed from California, has landed at San Blas with munitions of war and 3,000 men. At Santiago he was welcomed by the people. It is expected the expedition will generally credited.

Miss Minule Warren was married yesterday at West Haven, Conn., to Commodore Nutt.

Andrew J. Rodgers, an ex-coine of ttack Sineloa. The rebel chieftain, the Confederate army and native of Charleston, S. C., has been arrested on a charge of obtaining money from par-ties in Rhode Island, on false repre-Belangos, has been captured. Lementons has been released from imprison-

PITTSBURGH, June 18.

Monongahela 4 feet 5 inches and falling. Weather clear and warm; ther-

The Coliseum to-day was filled to its utmost capacity: The programme was strictly classical and musical, and the critics unite in pronouncing the whole critics unite in pronouncing the whole performance a success in every respect. During the intermission Geo. Peabody was introduced by the Mayor, and made a brief address and was heartily classical and moster, and the critics unite in pronouncing the whole critics unite in pronouncing the whole

BY TELEGRAPH

EUROPE.

ENGLAND. The Debate on the Church Bill in the

Rouse of Lords. London, June 17. In the House of Lords to night the Earl of Kimberly defended the princlple and detail of the disendowment bill-He believed concurrent endorsement inexpedient and impossible to dissect, and disendowment was only abolishment of the messure, which could remove the grievances complained of. The opposition contended that the land and not the church was the real grievance. It was unfair to refuse to remove one grievance because another existed, which might hereafter be legis

lated upon. The Bishop of Risson opposed the bill. The Duke of Cleveland supported it If the amendments could be made.

Lord Redestate opposed the bill, es-

pecially the clause deprining the Irish Bishops of their seats in the House of Lords. Rather than reject them the Episcopal bench would consent to admit Popish prelates to sit there. After further debate the House of

Lords at 11;10 A. M. adjourned, without

a vote on the bill.
London, June 18. After the Duke of Davonshire's speech in the House of Lords, the Marquis of Salisbury said he intended to vote for a second reading of the bill, but did not commit himself to all its details. He stigmatized as false the assertion that the House of Lords in assenting to the will of the nation, express subordination to the Commons. In the majority of cases the Lords must decide for themselves; but when the Commons and the nation are agreed on directed Mr. Van Dyke, Assistant
Treasurer at New York, to make his
purchase of bonds for the last week in
House of Lords have passed away, and

> contemptuously disregarded by the Commons. Lord Colchester, Bishop of Tuam, opposed the bill, and Earl Stanhope and Nelson proposed slight amendments, and supported them briefly. The steamers Java, Holsatia, Tripol

and Damascus arrived out. and Damascus arrived out.

The press this morning gives information of a debate in the House of Lords, and that the passage of the Irish Church bill is certain. The Times says the disestablishment is foredoomed. The extent and mode of proceeding remains to be settled. Modifications of the bill are now admissible.

NEW YORK. ndden Death of Hon. H. J. Ray

mond of the New York Times. NEW YORK, June 18. The city was shocked this morning The city was shocked this morning by the sudden death of Hon. Henry J. Raymond of the New York Times. He was at his office until six r. m. yesterday in his usual health. During the evening he took a walk with his daughter. At 3 o'clock this morning he was found in the hall at his residence, and at 5 o'clock expired. Cause supposed appulary.

o'clock this morning one of Mr, Ray-mond's children became restless, and upon being fully aroused remarked

into their organization.

The Williamsburg dime saving's band was robbed this morning by sneak thieves, of nearly \$6,000.

sentations.

The weather is hot; several deaths from sun stroke are reported.

BOSTON, June 18.

BUTTER-Firm and in demand at 24s and at 5 o'clock expired. Ususe supposed apoplexy.

The Post gives the facts of Mr. Raymond's death from the best authority, as follows: Mr. Raymond accompanied by his daughter, went to Greenwood Cemetery, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of selecting a family plat. He intended to have the body of one of his children who died a few months ago, removed from the vaultand re-interred. He returned to the Times office about MONEY—Mark 28c for fresh, Eggs-Firmer at 15afgc, Oils-Linseed Oil-In demand; sales 200 bbis at \$1 02, 1 02½ and 1 03. This GRCCERIES-Unchanged. 5 o'clock and remarked to the associate 5 o'clock and remarked to the associate editors that he never felt better in his life, except a slight feeling of fatigue consequent upon his long walk through the Cemetery. He left the office about 6 o'clock and proceeded to his residence in West 9th street, where he remained until about nine o'clock to recover from the fatigue of the afternoon. Mr. Raymond left home about 9 o'clock, remarking to the members of his family that he had an appointment to attend a political meetly changed.

members of his family that he had an appointment to attend a political meeting. He was seen shortly after walking up Broadway, and one or two friends who stood in front of Wallack's Theatre noticed his elastic step and general appearance of robust health. After attending the meeting Mr. Raymond 62%c; rejected quiet and %4% 55-55; feject, this atternoon No. 1 is firm at 65-5c seiler July, and No. 2 at 63c, Oats —A shade more active; sales at 595a 60c, closing steady. Rye—Quiet and attending the meeting Mr. Raymond returned to his residence about eleven o'clock, and as soon as he had closed the door after him he fell heavily upon the floor. None of the inmates of the house heard him fall, however, having retired for the night. About three states this merging one of Mr. Raytirmer at 91a91%c.

veak: sales at \$8 12 1/48 40 for comm

PROPRIETOR OF THE OLDEST AND most extensive Photographic Establishment in the United States, pays especial attention to copying, enlarging and coloring photographs. Ilke oil painting, from small daguerreotypes, tintypes and card pictures, true to life; takes Porcelains, Card de Visites, imperials, and every variety of photographs, guaranteeing most perfect salisfaction in every respect. Every one is invited to call and see his extensive collection of interesting photographs at 297 Wambington St., corner of Temple Place, Boston, Mass. entirely unconscious, breathing heavi-ly and apparently with great difficulty. He was carried to his room, placed upon a bed and physicians sent fro.

Pleasants or adjoining counties, or having lands for sale, will consult their interest by giving me a call.

Mar19-19w*

Farm and Steam Grist and Saw Mill For Sale.

FREDERICK SUCK, apr23-3td&3mw° Matamoras, Obio. THE BEST PORTABLE FRENCH BURK Flouring and Grain Mills,

LOVE AND MONEY. The Secrets of Love, or the Charm of Eden the Arabian isove Philter and Great Secret of Fascination, obtained in Egypt, (once in your possession you can gain the undying love of any one you wish), also ten Bongstein Receipts, Beautiful Pictures, New Arts How to Get Rich, Choice Secrets, dc., ali mailed for ten cents. Address.

T. F. WOOD,

apr29-inw Vernon, New Jersey.

Seines, Seines.

AM PREPARED TO FURNISH SEINES suitable for small streams, at short notice.

CHAS. H. BERRY.

Nos. 18 and 19 Water St.

Fresh Teas.

is confined principally to orders for unbroken packages to distant trade. The following are among the principal changes to-day: Broadway brown sheetings up to 14c; Indian Orchard, I. 18½c; do. U U 16c; do. W 14c; do. B 1) 13c; do. do. W 13c; Pocasset Canoe 40 Inch, 16½c; Granite B ½ do. 11c: Dwight 36 inch, 14c; Newburyport 36 inch muslin, 15½c; Masonville do. 19c; Honesdale do. 19c; Fruit of the Loom 18c; Blackstone A 15½c; Chapman X

18c; Blackstone A 15%c; Chapman X 13%c; and Stratford M %, 13c. MONEY AND STOCKS. MONEY—Continues stringent. The minimum rate was 1 32a1-16; in some cases flat, and in others with the addi-tion of the 7 per cent. currency. The demand continued until after bank

thours, and the last transaction reported on the street was at 1-16 per cent., flat. In the discount market next to nothing was doing. nothing was doing.

STERLING—Dull and unchanged.

Gold—Heavy; opened at 137%; fell to
136%; closed at 136%; carrying rates
were I 32a3-64 per cent, per day. were 1 3243-04 per cent, per day. GOVRENMENT STOCKS--Lower; closing steady. Coupons '81, 1214a1214; do '62, 122a1224; do '61, 1174a1174; do '65, 1184a1184; do new, 1194a1194; do '67,

House of Lords have passed away, and the responsibility devolves on the nation and the Commons. He thought the bill illiberal and imperious, but did not believe the amendments should be tral 186½; Erie 30; Hudson 185½; Harlem 145; Reading 97¾; Terre Haute 37; Wabash 70½; St. Paul 72½; preferred 83½; Fort Wayne 153½; Ohio & Mississippi 32; Michigan Southern 103½; Hilmois Central 143; Pittsburgh 95½; Rock Island117½; Northwestern 80½. EXPRESS SHARES.—Wells, Fargo &

70. 314; American 40%; Adams 59% Inited States 69%; Merchants Inion 15. Cincinnati. JUNE 18 .- FLOUR-Steady for family

at \$5 50 a5 75.

GRAIN—Wheat—Unchanged; demand light; No. 2 at \$1 18 a1 20; No. 1 at \$1 25. Corn—Dull; ear at 62 a63 c for yellow or mixed; and 64 a66 c for white. Oats—

mixed; and 64a66c for white. Oats—
Steady at 68a72c.
Cotton—Scarce and prices higher;
middlings at 32c; stock light and not much on the market.
Tohacco—Firmer and in good demand; sales of 199 hhds at \$5 85a19 75.
Whisky—Sold at 96c.
PROVISIONS—In active demand for Mess Pork, and about 2,000 bbls sold at \$35 00, mostly taken by a dealer from St. Louis. Bulk Meats—Firm but quiet at 13a16c. Bacon—Firm at 14½, 17½ and 18¼ of or snoulders, clear rib and clear sides. Sugar Cured Hams—At 20a21c. Lard—In fair demand at 19½c.
BUTTER—Firm and in demand at 24a

is oil which had been held by speculators for nearly a year and they are now selling out. The regular Crushers are asking \$1 04a1 05 tare, guaranteed less

Money-Market tight. Exchange-Dull and not essential-

JUNE 18.—FLOUR—Firmer; sales of spring extras at \$4 50a6 25. GRAIN-Wheat-Active and unset tled; sales No. 1 at \$1 19:1 20, and No. 2 at \$1 16:/sal 18, closing at \$1 17:/2; this afternoon No. 2 was dull at \$1 17:/4.

1 17://. Corn—Fairly active; No. 1 quiet and 222/c lower; sales at 62/att-to cash, 65/c seller July, and 62/c seller June, closing at 62c cash; No. 2 opened lower, and subsequently advanced to 62/a

nrmer at 91a91%c.
CATTLE—Dull and weak at \$5.57%a
5.00 for common to good cows; \$6.653
5.87% for light, and \$7a7.45 for good to
choice shipping beeves.
Hous—Dull and 10a15c lower, closing 88 50a8 75 for fair to medium, and \$9a

that she heard some person breathing heavily. The persons in the house were immediately awakened, and on descending to the hall way Mr. Ray-mond was found extended on the floor J. A. WHIPPLE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
ST. MARY'S, W. VA.

Will PRACTICE IN PLEARANTS and in
Monroe, Washington and adjoining counties
in Onio.
Persons wishing to purchase lands in
Pleasants or adjoining counties, or having

Which have yet been invented are made by IKA HART, in Clarksburg, w. Va. They are selling rapidly, and every person who sees them at work is antinusatic in their praise. All Iron and French Burr; will last a life time, and do more work than any other.

any other.

He also makes the best of Saw Mills and Carding Machines.

50 HALF CHESTS EXTRA FINE GUN-powder, Young Hyson and Oolong feas. Just received and for sale by may10 M. REILLY.